

VACCINE PASSPORT



KEEP YOUR IMMUNITY IN CHECK WITH



Where can I get vaccinated?

Call any of our Parkway Shenton clinics located islandwide to check the availability of your preferred vaccine. For a wide selection of readily available travel vaccines, visit our dedicated vaccination clinic at Esplanade MRT.



Designated Vaccinations Clinic:



**Parkway Shenton
Medical Clinic, Esplanade MRT**
90 Bras Basah Road, #B1-02
Esplanade MRT Station S189562



**Parkway Shenton
Medical Clinic, Bedok Central**
Blk 210 New Upper Changi Road,
#01-707A S460210



**Parkway Shenton
Family Medicine Clinic, Ang Mo Kio**
4190 Ang Mo Kio Ave 6, #03-01
Broadway Plaza S569841



**Parkway Shenton
Medical Clinic, HarbourFront Tower One**
1 HarbourFront Place, #01-09
HarbourFront Tower One, Singapore 098633



**Parkway Shenton
Medical Clinic, Jurong Gateway**
21 Jurong Gateway #01-04
CPF Jurong Building, Singapore 608546



Scan to find
a clinic near you



Which Travel Vaccines Should You Get?



Hepatitis A vaccine

The hepatitis A (HepA) vaccine prevents infection caused by the hepatitis A virus, which leads to liver inflammation. It is typically spread through **contaminated food or water, or close contact with an infected person.**

Recommended for: Most travellers, as hepatitis A is widespread in countries around the world.

Hepatitis B vaccine

Hepatitis B (HepB) vaccination protects against the highly contagious hepatitis B virus, **transmitted through blood, semen and other bodily fluids.** Infection can lead to chronic liver disease, liver cirrhosis (scarring), or liver cancer.

Recommended for: Individuals at risk, such as those with chronic liver disease, as well as in cases of other risks like transport accidents involving cross-contamination of blood from open wounds.

Rabies vaccine

The rabies vaccine protects against the rabies virus, which can be found in both wild and domestic animals. Rabies is **transmitted to humans through the saliva of infected animals,** usually via bites, scratches, or licks on broken skin or mucous membranes like the mouth. **Most cases involve dog bites.**

Recommended for: Pre-exposure vaccination is recommended if the risk of exposure to animals like dogs, cats, monkeys, or bats is high (e.g., zoologists, botanists, etc.). This vaccine involves taking 3 doses over 28 days.

Tetanus vaccine

Tetanus **enters the body through cuts or wounds.** It can lead to the stiffening of the muscles, trouble swallowing, breathing difficulties, and eventually death.

The tetanus vaccine is usually given in the form of DTaP (under 7 years old) or Tdap (above 7 years old). This vaccine also confers protection against Diphtheria and Pertussis (whooping cough). This is given as a booster every 10 years.

Recommended for: All travellers

Yellow Fever vaccine

Yellow fever vaccine provides immunity and lifetime protection against yellow fever, **a highly infectious, mosquito-borne disease** common in parts of Africa, Central America, and South America. The disease is named for the **yellowing of the eyes and skin that occurs when it affects the liver and kidneys.**

Recommended for: Travellers to areas where yellow fever is prevalent. Get vaccinated at an approved centre at least 10 days before your trip for a valid vaccine certificate.

Typhoid vaccine

The typhoid vaccine prevents typhoid fever, a life-threatening infection caused by Salmonella Typhi. This bacteria is **commonly spread through contaminated food and water in areas with poor sanitation.**

Recommended for: Travellers to regions where typhoid is common (at least 2 weeks before travel) and individuals in close contact with a typhoid carrier.

Other Risks: Malaria Prophylaxis

Malaria is a serious disease caused by parasites that are transmitted to humans through the bites of infected mosquitoes. Malaria prophylaxis involves taking medication before, during, and after travel to areas where malaria is common.

Recommended for: Travellers visiting areas where malaria is prevalent, such as parts of Africa, Asia, and South America.

Japanese Encephalitis vaccine

The Japanese encephalitis virus is transmitted through mosquito bites. It can cause inflammation of the brain, which can lead to seizures, coma, and death.

Recommended for: Travellers moving to Japanese encephalitis-endemic countries to live for more than 1 month, and frequent travellers to these areas.

Meningococcal vaccine

Meningococcal disease is caused by bacteria that can infect the lining of the brain and spinal cord or the bloodstream. **It is passed to others through close contact via respiratory secretions.**

Recommended for: Travellers to endemic areas like sub-Saharan Africa. It is also mandatory for those travelling to Mecca for the Hajj or Umrah.



Travel Safe & Smart: Recommended Vaccines for Every Destination

North America & Europe

- Hepatitis A
- Hepatitis B
- Influenza
- Tetanus
- Typhoid

Middle East

- Cholera
- Hepatitis A
- Hepatitis B
- Influenza
- Malaria (prophylaxis)
- Meningococcal
- Polio
- Rabies
- Tetanus
- Typhoid

Asia

- Cholera
- Hepatitis A
- Hepatitis B
- Influenza
- Japanese encephalitis
- Malaria (prophylaxis)
- Rabies
- Tetanus
- Typhoid



Central & South America

- Hepatitis A
- Hepatitis B
- Influenza
- Malaria (prophylaxis)
- Rabies
- Tetanus
- Typhoid
- Yellow fever

Africa

- Cholera
- Hepatitis A
- Hepatitis B
- Influenza
- Japanese encephalitis
- Malaria (prophylaxis)
- Meningococcal
- Polio
- Rabies
- Tetanus
- Typhoid
- Yellow fever

Oceania

- Hepatitis A
- Hepatitis B
- Influenza
- Japanese encephalitis
- Rabies
- Tetanus

Covered under
**Ministry of Health (MOH)
National Adult Immunisation
Schedule (NAIS)**